FOREWORD

INTRODUCTION

TRIMETHYLPROPANE CAS N•: 77-99-6

Substance

End Point : IDENTIFIERS, PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name : 1,3-Propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-

Common Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : **77-99-6**RTECS Number : **TY6470000**

Synonyms

Ethriol 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)propanediol

2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol Ethyltrimethylolmethane

Ettriol Hexaglycerine

Propane, 1,1,1-tris(hydroxymethyl)- TMP

TMP (alcohol) 1,1,1-Tri(hydroxymethyl)propane 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane Tris(hydroxymethyl)propane

1,1,1-Tris(hydroxymethyl)propane

Properties & Definitions

Molecular Formula : C6H14O3

Molecular Weight : 134.20

Melting Point : 58C

Boiling Point : 285C

State : Solid, flake
Flash Point : 172 (liquid)

Relative Vapor Density : 1.176

Vapour Pressure : 2E-5 kPa(15E-5 mmHg) at 25C

Octanol/Water Partition : log Pow = -0.47 at 26C experimental

Coefficient

Water Solubility : >100 g/L at room temp.

Colour : Colourless

Impurities : TMP-monomethyl ether, TMP-methyl formal

General Comments : Non-volatile; stable in neutral, acidic or alkaline solutions.

Overall Evaluation

PRESENTLY OF LOW CONCERN

SIDS INITIAL ASSESMENT

2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol is stable solid, and the production volume is ca. 25000 tonnes/year for 1992 in Germany and ca. 11000 tonnes/year for 1985 and 12000 tonnes (including import) for 1991, respectively, in Japan. This chemical is used mainly as raw material for various resinous materials in closed system. This chemical is stable in neutral, acidic or alkaline solutions, and is classified as "not readily biodegradable" and "low bioaccumulation potential". This chemical is used as intermediate in closed system.

The chemical is non-toxic to fish, algae and daphnids. The chemical showed no genotoxic effects, and NOEL for repeated dose toxicity was 200 mg/kg/day and NOEL for reproductive toxicity was 800 mg/kg/day. Estimated dose of low concern (EDLC) was calculated as 0.2 mg/kg/day and 8 mg/kg/day for repeated dose toxicity and reproductive toxicity, respectively.

Daily intake of the chemical was estimated as 9.35E-4 mg/day from calculation using MNSEM 145I exposure model. Therefore health risk from general environment is presumably to be low because estimated human exposure (EHE) level of this chemical is lower than EDLC values.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE

ESTIMATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE, PATHWAY AND CONCENTRATION

Comparison of calculated environmental concentration using several models:

MNSEM Model:

Air: 7.96E-10 ug/L; water: 0.426 ug/L; soil: 0.0204 ug/kg; sediment: 0.947 ug/kg

CHEMCAN2 Model:

Air: 1.47E-11 ug/L; water: 0.427 ug/L: soil: 1.47E-5 ug/kg; sediment: 0.113 ug/kg

CHEMFRAN Model:

Air: 1.08E-12 ug/L; water: 0.427 ug/L; soil: 7.2E-7 ug/kg; sediment: 0.113 ug/kg

UKMODEL Model:

Air: 1.55E-8 ug/L; water: 0.426 ug/L; soil: 0.154 ug/kg; sediment: 0.307 ug/kg

CONSUMER EXPOSURE

No specific information were provided on consumer exposure. From present information on uses, consumer exposure seems to be low because the chemical is used as raw material for synthesis of various resinous materials.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE

Since processes are continuous closed system, occupational exposure seems to be low under usual processes. In Sweden, two products containing this chemical are produced in 1 site each.

1. Mixture of trimethylolpropane and pentaerythritol

Use: a component in PVC stabilizers

Work place exposure: occasional exposure (0.5 hour/week)

TLV values: 5 mg/m3

Release to the environment: >90% to water

Occupational exposure: no details available since this exposure is confined to customer's plants.

2. Mixture of mono-, di-, tri-methylolpropane and their acetals, formals, hemiacetals, hemiformals and methyl ethers

Use: a reactant in the production of polyesters

Work place exposure: occasional exposure (0.5 hour/week)

TLV values: not established

Release to the environment: >90% to water

Occupational exposure: no details available since this exposure is confined to customer's plants.

However, no other specific information were provided on occupational exposure.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

In conclusion, although 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol is persistent and toxicological tests showed moderate toxicity, no further testing are needed at present considering its use pattern and exposure levels.

Production-Trade

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane 77-99-6

CAS Number : 77-99
Geographic Area : JPN

Production

Quantity Year

11000 t - P 1985 10000 t - P 1991 2000 t - IM 1991

References

!SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 4, (1994)

Production-Trade

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6
Geographic Area : DEU

Production

Quantity Year

25000 t - P 1992

References

!SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 4, (1994)

Processes

Chemical Name Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number 77-99-6

Process

Formaldehyde + Sodium hydroxide + Butyl aldehyde (Reaction) -> Condensation -> Extraction -> Product -> Purification Continuous closed Process comments

systems

References

Secondary Reference !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Uses 33

Uses

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6
Geographic Area : ASIA
Area Specifications : E

Use

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Comments</u>
7500 t		Paint resin
1500 t		Urethane resin
1400 t		Setting resin by UV ray
800 t		Synthetic lubricating oil
1200 t		Other uses

References

Secondary References : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : CONCENTRATION
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Geographic Area : JPN

Species/strain/system : Air, water, soil and sediment

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Multi-Phase Non-Steady Equilibrium Model for Evaluation of Fate of description Chemicals in Environment Consisting of Air, Water, Soil and Sediment

Phases. Version 1.4.5.I also called MNSEM 145I. (Presented by Kikuo

Yoshida).

Test Results

<u>Matrix</u> <u>Concentrations</u> <u>Spec.</u> <u>Date</u>

AIR 7.86E-13 mg/L

1.43E-10 ppm also reported. In air steady state mass = 1.57g

WATER 4.26E-4 mg/L

In water steady state mass = 8.52E+6 g

SOIL 2.04E-5 mg/kg

In soil steady state mass = 3.26E+4 g

SED 9.47E-4 mg/kg

In sediment steady state mass = 9.47E+4 g

General Comments : All above given values are calculated.

References

Primary Reference : #URMEA*

Unpublished Report on Exposure Estimation Test conducted by MITI and

Environmental Agency, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : CONCENTRATION
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Geographic Area : JPN

Species/strain/system : Meat, milk and vegetation

Concentration

Test Results

FOOD 5.16E-11 mg/L

In meat and in milk

PLANT 2.15E-4 mg/L

In vegetation

General Comments : All above given values are calculated.

References

Primary Reference : #URMEA*

Unpublished Report on Exposure Estimation Test conducted by MITI and

Environmental Agency, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

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End Point : HUMAN INTAKE AND EXPOSURE

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Geographic Area : JPN

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex

AIR

AQ FRESH FOOD -

Species/strain/system : Air, drinking water, fish, meat, milk and vegetables.

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Multi-Phase Non-Steady State Equilibrium Model for Evaluation of Fate

description of Chemicals in Environment Consisting of Air, Water, Soil and

Sediment Phases. Version 1.4.5I also called MNSEM 145I. (Presented

by Kikuo Yoshida).

Test Results

<u>Intake</u> <u>Spec.</u> <u>Date</u>

1.51E-8 mg/d

Through inhalation of air

8.52E-4 mg/d

Through drinking water

2.05E-6 mg/d

Through ingestion of fish

3.83E-12 mg/d

Through ingestion of meat

6.30E-12 mg/d

Through ingestion of milk

8.02E-5 mg/d

Through ingestion of vegetables

9.35E-4 mg/d

Total exposure dose

References

Primary Reference : #URMEA*

Unpublished Report on Exposure Estimation Test conducted by MITI and

Environmental Agency, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : BIODEGRADATION
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification

SLUDG

Species/strain/system : Activated study (standard) 30 mg/L as suspended solid.

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 301C. GLP: yes. Sludge samples were mixed by

description stirring in a single container and then cultured at 25C for 1 month.

Temperature : 25 C

(An)aerobic : AEROB

Exposure

Exposure Period : 14 d

Dose / Concentration : 100 mg/L

Test Results

<u>Quantity</u>		<u>Time</u>	Comments on result
2.5 %	AV		Degree of biodegradation from BOD7
2.4 %	AV		Degree of biodegradation from BOD14
4 %	AV		Degree of biodegradation from DOC
3 %	AV		Degree of biodegradation from HPLC

General Comments : These results indicate that the chemical should be classified as "not

readily biodegradable".

References

Primary Reference : #MITIT*

Test conducted by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry

(MITI), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : PHOTODEGRADATION
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Handbook of chemical properties estimation method. W. J. Lyman et al.

(McGraw Hill book Co. 1981).

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 6.7 mg/L

Test Results

<u>Quantity</u> <u>Time</u> <u>Comments on result</u>

50 % 306 d Estimated half-life.

General Comments: No decomposition at room temperature but strong hygroscopic property.

Photolysis at photochemical degradation rate = 1.31E-12 mol/L/s. Depth

in the water body = 500 cm. Conversion constant = 6.023E+20. Quantum yield for disappearance of chemical by photolysis under solar

irradiation = 0.01.

References

Primary Reference : #MITIT*

Test conducted by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry

(MITI), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Hydrolysis 39

Study

End Point : HYDROLYSIS
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6
Study type : LAB
Geographic Area : JPN

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.2%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 111.

description

 Temperature
 :
 25 C

 pH
 :
 4.0-9.0

Test Results

Quantity <u>Time</u> <u>Comments on result</u>

50 % >1 y Half-life in pH 4.0, 7.0 and 9.0.

References

Primary Reference : #MITIT*

Test conducted by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry

(MITI), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point:BIOCONCENTRATIONChemical Name:Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline 305C. Flow-through test. GLP: yes

Exposure

Exposure Period : 6 wk

Test Results

Organ	Bioconcent. Factor	Calc Basis Time	State	Comments on result
	<1	6 wk		Log BCF, level 1 exposure.
	-1	6 wk		Log BCF, level 2 exposure.

References

Primary Reference : #MITIT*

Test conducted by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry

(MITI), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Dose / Concentration : 14100 mg/kg

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT ORL ADULT LD50 Oral LD50 for rats was established as

14100 mg/kg under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : HYSAAV

Stankevich, V. V. Hygiene and Sanitation, 32(5), 288-291, (1967)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 16, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Mouse, strain not specified

Dose / Concentration : 13700 mg/kg

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

MOUSE ORL ADULT LD50 Oral LD50 for mice was established as

13700 mg/kg under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : HYSAAV

Stankevich, V. V. Hygiene and Sanitation, 32(5), 288-291, (1967)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Dose / Concentration : 2500 mg/kg

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT ORL ADULT LD50 Oral LD50 for rats was established as

>2500 mg/kg under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 16, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Dose / Concentration : 5000 mg/kg

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT ORL ADULT LD50 Oral LD50 for rats was established as

>5000 mg/kg under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Loeser, E. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1980)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Exposure Period : 4 h

Dose / Concentration : 0.85 mg/L

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT IHL ADULT LD50 Inhalation LD50 for rats was established

as >0.85 mg/L/4 h under the test

conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 17, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Exposure Period : 4 h

Dose / Concentration : 0.29 mg/L

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT IHL ADULT LD50 Inhalation LD50 for rats was established

as >0.29 mg/L/4 h under the test

conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Exposure Period : 4 h

Dose / Concentration : 0.29 mg/L

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RBT IHL ADULT LD50 Inhalation LD50 for rabbits was

established as >0.29 mg/L/4h under the

test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 17, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Mouse, strain not specified

Exposure Period : 4 h

Dose / Concentration : 0.29 mg/L

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

MOUSE IHL ADULT LD50 Inhalation LD50 for mice was

established as >0.29 mg/L/4 h under the

test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Guinea pig, strain not specified

Exposure Period : 4 h

Dose / Concentration : 0.29 mg/L

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Comments

GPIG IHL ADULT LD50 Inhalation LD50 for guinea pigs was

established as >0.29 mg/L/4 h, under

the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 17, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Dose / Concentration : 500 mg/kg

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT SKN ADULT LD50 Dermal LD50 for rats was established

as >500 mg/kg.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Kimmerle. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL ADULT M 12/GROUP 12 F 12/GROUP 12

Species/strain/system : Rat, Slc:SD

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.9%

Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Combined Repeat Dose and Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

description Screening Test. GLP: yes

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT
Exposure Period : 42 d
Frequency : 1 X/d

Dose / Concentration : 12.5-800 mg/kg

Exposure comments : Doses of 0, 12.5, 50, 200 and 800 mg/kg/day were applied in oral gavage for

42 days to the males and from 14 days before mating to day 3 of lactation to

the females.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

BW DECR

Body weight of both male and female animals receiving 800 mg/kg were lower than that of the control group during premating period.

LIVER SIZE

Liver weights (absolute and relative) were elevated in male rats and seemed to be elevated in female rats, receiving 800 mg/kg.

KIDNY CELL

Slight tubular basophilic change of tubular epithelial cells was observed in the female rats receiving 50 mg/kg, 2 female rats receiving 200 mg/kg and 5 female rats receiving 800 mg/kg.

KIDNY CELL M

Basophilic change of tubular epithelial cells was observed in male rats of all dose groups.

NOAEL

No observed adverse effect level was established at 200 mg/kg/day.

EDLC

Estimated dose of low concern was calculated as 0.2 mg/kg/day.

General Comments : Necropsy revealed hypertrophy of the liver in 3 male rats receiving 800 mg/kg.

However, histopathological examination revealed no evident morphological

lesions interpreting hypertrophy of the liver.

References

Primary Reference : #URMHW*

Unpublished Report on Combined Repeated Dose and Reproductive/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test conducted by the Ministry of Health

and Welfare (MHW), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 19-20, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT IHL ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Repeated dose toxicity screening test.

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT Exposure Period : 3.5 mo

Dose / Concentration : 0.13-1.1 mg/L

Test Results

PNS CHNG

Signs of increased neuromuscular excitability were observed after exposure to 1.1 mg/L beginning with the 8th week of the experimental period and after exposure to 0.13 mg/L beginning with the 12th week.

ADREN SIZE

There was an increase in the relative weight of the adrenal glands in the groups receiving 1.1 mg/L.

LUNG CHNG

There was report of focal emphysema and interstitial pneumonia (concentration not specified).

KIDNY CHNG

There was a moderate parenchymatous degeneration of the kidney (concentration not specified).

HEART CHNG

There was a moderate parenchymatous degeneration of the heart (concentration not specified).

References

Primary Reference : HYSAAV

Stankevich, V. V. Hygiene and Sanitation, 32(5), 288-291, (1967)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 20-21, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rat, Wistar

Test Substance

Vehicle - Solvent : Food

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

90 days feeding for repeated dose toxicity screening test.

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT
Exposure Period : 90 d
Dose / Concentration : 0.03-1.0 %

Exposure comments : The test substance was given in food at concentrations: 0, 0.03, 0.1, 0.3 and

1% (=ca. 20, 67, 200, 667 mg/kg/day) for 90 days.

Test Results

Decreased activity of SGPT and of serum alkaline phosphatase only in males, was observed at 0.3% dose level, and both sexes at the dose level of 1%.

LIVER SIZE KIDNY SIZE SPLN SIZE

Increased average relative weights of these organs as well as the enlargement of the spleens were observed.

SPLN CHNG

Treatment related changes: increase in red pulp in the spleen were observed at the exposure to 1% of the test substance in daily feeding.

LIVER CHNG

Treatment related following changes in the liver were observed at 1% level: kupffer cells loaded with pigment (only in females), sinusoids containing normoblasts and an increased number of small lymphocytes.

BLOOD CHNG CHEM

Slight decrease in hemoglobin contents and decreased number of red blood cells in the females of 1% dose group.

BLOOD CELL

Cell fragmentation was seen in the blood smears (normoblasts and white blood cell fragments) in the animals receiving 1% dose level.

NOEL

The dose at which no substance related effects were observed was ca. 67 mg/kg/day.

References

Primary Reference : CIVVR*

de Knecht-van Eckelen, A. M. et al. Centraal Instituut voor Voldingsonderzoek,

Report, R2948, (1969)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rat, strain not specified

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

5-month feeding for repeated dose toxicity screening test.

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT Exposure Period : 5 mo

Dose / Concentration : 1500-3000 mg/kg

Exposure comments : Oral administration of 0, 1500 and 3000 mg/kg/day in food for the period of 5

months.

Test Results

NEF

In both dose groups no substance related effects were observed under the test conditions.

General Comments : Both dose groups manifested normal weight gain during this 5-month feeding

experiment.

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 23, (1994)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT SKN ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Test Substance

Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT
Exposure Period : 3 mo
Frequency : 1 xd
Dose / Concentration : 0.5 mL

Exposure comments : 0.5 mL of 50% aqueous solution/animal/day was applied for a period of 3

months.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

SKIN NEF

No visible effects at the site of application were observed.

NEF

No change in the general condition of the animals was observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : HYSAAV

Stankevich, V. V.,. Hygiene and Sanitation, 32(5), 288-291, (1967)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

General Comments : Testing for the mutagenicity potential of the test substance brought negative

results under the test conditions.

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT VTR

Species/strain/system : Salmonella typhimurium : TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537

Test Substance

Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Japanese Guideline for Screening Mutagenicity Testing of Chemicals. GLP: yes

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 312.5-5000 ug

Exposure comments : Doses of 0, 312.5, 625, 1250 and 5000 ug/plate were used in 3 plates/test in 2

replicates, with and without metabolic activation. Positive control: -S9; AF-2 for strains TA98 and TA100, 9-aminoacridine for TA1537 strain and sodium azide for TA1535 strain; +S9 cultures received 2-aminoanthracene (all strains).

CELL

Minimum concentration of the test substance at which toxicity to bacteria was observed was >5000 ug/plate with and without metabolic activation.

NEF

All strains of bacteria cultured with and without metabolic activation at all dose levels did not show any mutagenic effect to the test substance.

General Comments : The test material was classified as "negative" under the experimental

conditions used.

References

Primary Reference : #MOMHW*

Chemical Report submitted by the Ministry of Health and Welfare, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 23-24, (1994)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT VTR

Species/strain/system : Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.9%

Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Japanese Guideline for Screening Mutagenicity Testing of Chemicals. GLP: yes

description

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 312.5-5000 ug

Exposure comments : Doses of 0, 312.5, 625, 1250 and 5000 ug/plate were used in 3 plates/test in 2

replicates, with and without metabolic activation. Positive control: -S9 received

AF-2; +S9 received 2-aminoanthracene.

Test Results

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

CELL

Minimum concentration of the test substance at which toxicity to bacteria was observed was >5000 ug/plate with and without metabolic activation.

NEF

There was no mutagenic effect observed at all dose levels with or without metabolic activation.

General Comments : The test material was classified as "negative" under the experimental

conditions used.

References

Primary Reference : #MOMHW*

Chemical Report submitted by the Ministry of Health and Welfare, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 23-24, (1994)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

BACT VTR

Species/strain/system : Salmonella typhimurium TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 and TA1538

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

No information was provided.

Exposure

Exposure comments

No information on dosage levels used in the testing was provided.

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mutagenic effects were observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : JETOC*

JETOC Newsletter, 4, 14-20, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Mutagenicity 55

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT VTR

Species/strain/system : Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : No information was provided.

description

Exposure comments : No

No information on dosage levels used in the testing was provided.

Test Results

Exposure

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mutagenic effects were observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : JETOC*

JETOC Newsletter, 4, 14-20, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 24, (1994)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT VTR

Species/strain/system : Salmonella typhimurium TA98, TA100, TA1535, Ta1537, TA1538

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : No information were provided.

description

Exposure

Exposure comments : No information on dose levels were provided.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

The test substance did not produce mutagenic effects in the strains TA98, TA100, TA1535 and TA1537 with and without metabolic activation.

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Bayer, A. G. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report, 18022, (1989)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 24-25, (1994)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

HAMST VTR

Species/strain/system : Chinese hamster CHL cells

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.9%

Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Japanese Guideline for Screening Mutagenicity Testing of Chemical. GLP: yes

description

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 0.34-1.34 mg/mL

Exposure comments : Positive control: -S9 mitomycin C, +S9 cyclophosphamide. 2plates/test.

Doses: 0.034, 0.67, 1.34 mg/mL were used for -S9 and +S9.

Test Results

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls
------ CELL

The lowest concentration of test substance producing cell toxicity was >1.5 mg/mL with metobolic activation and 1.5 mg/mL without metabolic activation.

NEF

There was no mutagenic effects observed under the test conditions.

General Comments : The test material was classified as "negative" under the experimental

conditions used.

References

Primary Reference : #MOMHW*

Chemical Report submitted by the Ministry of Health and Welfare, Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT SKN ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT
Exposure Period : 24 h
Dose / Concentration : 500 mg

Exposure comments : Single dose of 500 mg/animal was applied to the skin of rabbit's ears using

semi-occlusive method. Exposure time of 24 hours was followed by a 7-day

observation period.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

SKIN NEF

There was no skin irritation under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : BADSR*

Thyssen, J. Bayer AG Data, Short Report, (1979)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 17-18, (1994)

Study

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT SKN ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Irritation 59

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT

Exposure comments : Test substance was applied to the skin of rabbit's ears. Observation period: 7

days.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

SKIN NEF

No skin irritation was observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : BADSR*

Kimmerle. Bayer AG Data, Short Report, (1965)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 17-18, (1994)

Study

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT OCU ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT
Dose / Concentration : 50 mg

Exposure comments : Single dose of 50 mg/animal was applied to rabbit's eyes, followed by a 7-day

observation period.

Test Results

Affected in Drgan Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Cont

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EYE NEF

No effect of eye irritation was observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : BADSR*

Thyssen, J. Bayer AG Data, Short Report, (1979)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 18, (1994)

Study

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

RBT OCU ADULT

Species/strain/system : Rabbit, strain not specified

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT

Exposure comments : No information on test method, substance dose or observation period were

provided

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EYE NEF

No signs of eye irritation was observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : BADSR*

Thyssen, J. Bayer AG Data, Short Report, (1979)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : REPRODUCTION
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL ADULT M 12/GROUP 12 F 12/GROUP 12

Species/strain/system : Rat, Slc:SD

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.9%
Vehicle - Solvent : Distilled water

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Combined Repeat Dose and Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

description Screening Test. GLP: yes

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT Exposure Period : 42 d

Dose / Concentration : 12.5-800 mg/kg

Exposure comments : Doses of 0, 12.5, 50, 200, 800 mg/kg/day were given orally (gavage) for 42

days to male rats and from day 14 before mating to day 3 of lactation to

female rats.

Test Results

NOAEL

No adverse effects level for the parental generation was established as 800 mg/kg.

NEF

No significant toxic effects were observed on fertility, gestation or reproductive organ toxicity.

EDLC

Estimated dose of low concern was calculated as 8 mg/kg/day.

General Comments : There were no effects of test substances on copulation, fertility and estrus

cycle of rats. Delivery was normal for all dams. No effects of test substances on dams during the lactation period were observed. External examination of pups revealed no increase in the incidence of abnormal pups. Body weight gain of pups was normal up to day 4 of lactation period. Stillborn, dead pups and pups killed at day 4 of lactation period showed no abnormal gross lesions

suggested to be attributable to the treatment with test substance.

References

Primary Reference : #URMHW*

Unpublished Report on Combined Repeated Dose and Reproductive/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test conducted by the Ministry of Health

and Welfare (MHW), Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Exposure Period : 48 h

Dose / Concentration : 1000 mg/L

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

JIS KO102. Static test. GLP: no

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

LC50 for 48 hours > 1000 mg/L (w/v). (Results reported as ppm w/v).

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Species/strain/system : Golden orfe (Leuciscus idus)

Exposure Period : 48 h

Dose / Concentration : 1000 mg/L

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Freetext type method. description

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

FISH AQ FRESH LC50 LC50 for 48 hours >= 1000 mg/L

References

Primary Reference : #BATUR*

Bayer, A. G. Bayer Institute of Toxicology, Unpublished Report

Secondary Reference !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

ALGAE AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)

Test Substance

Purity Grade : >99%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline. GLP: no

description

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE Exposure Period : 72 h

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EC50

EC50 for 72 hours > 1000 mg/L (w/v). (Reported as EbC50 > 1000 ppm (w/v)).

References

Primary Reference : #URTEA*

EA. Unpublished Toxicity Test conducted by the Environmental Agency, (EA),

Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

CRUS AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Water flea (Daphnia magna)

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline. GLP: no. Probit method used to calculate values.

description

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE
Exposure Period : 24 h
Dose / Concentration : 1000 mg/L

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

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EC0

EC0 for 24 hours > 1000 mg/L (w/v). Reported as ppm (w/v).

EC50

EC50 for 24 hours > 1000 mg/L (w/v). Reported as ppm (w/v).

References

Primary Reference : #URTEA*

 $\hbox{EA. Unpublished Toxicity Test conducted by the Environmental Agency, (EA),}\\$

Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

CRUS AQ ESTUA

Species/strain/system : Harpacticoid (Nitocra spinipes)

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE
Exposure Period : 96 h
Dose / Concentration : 1000 mg/L

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EC50

EC50 for 96 hours > 1000 mg/L.

References

Primary Reference : MPNBAZ

Bengtsson, B. E. and Tarkpea, M. Marine Pollution Bulletin, 14(6), 213-214,

(1983)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

CRUS AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Water flea (Daphnia magna)

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE
Exposure Period : 48 h

Dose / Concentration : 13000 mg/L

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EC50

EC50 for 48 hours = 13000 mg/L.

References

Primary Reference : WJTFA*

Walton, J. R. and Davis, E. M. Toxicology and Fate of Selected Industrial

Chemicals in Aquatic Ecosystems. Final Report, 91, (1980)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

CRUS AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Water flea (Daphnia magna)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline. Static test. GLP: no

description

Exposure

Exposure Type : LONG
Exposure Period : 21 d
Dose / Concentration : 1000 mg/L

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NOEL

No observed effect concentration (maximum) for 21 days > 1000 mg/L (w/v). (Reported as ppm (w/v)).

References

Primary Reference : #URTEA*

Unpublished Toxicity Test conducted by the Environmental Agency, (EA),

Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

FISH AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Orange-red Killifish (Oryzias latipes)

Test Substance

Purity Grade : >99%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline, semi-static test. GLP: no

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE Exposure Period : 24-96 h

Exposure comments : Doses were also tested for 48 and 72 hours.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

LC0

LC0 for 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours = 1000 mg/L (w/v). (Results reported as ppm).

LC50

LC50 for 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours > 1000 mg/L.

References

Primary Reference : #URTEA*

Unpublished Toxicity Test conducted by the Environmental Agency, (EA),

Japan

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1994)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : Trimethylolpropane

CAS Number : 77-99-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

FISH AQ MARIN

Species/strain/system : Sea lamprey (Petromyzon marinus)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method

description

Freetext type method.

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE
Exposure Period : 24 h
Dose / Concentration : 5 mg/L

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

LC0

LC0 for 24 hours >= 5 mg/L.

References

Primary Reference : ASSRF*

Applegate, V. C. et al. Special Scientific Report-Fisheries, 207, (1957)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Substance

Chemical Name : 1,3-PROPANEDIOL,2-ETHYL-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-

Reported Name : TRIMETHYLOL PROPANE

CAS Number : 77-99-6

<u>Area Type Subject Spec.</u> <u>Description Level / Summary Information :</u>

GBR REG TRNSP MARIN RQR CATEGORY D SUBSTANCE: DISCHARGE INTO THE SEA IS PROHIBITED: DISCHARGE

AQ MARIN RSTR OF RESIDUAL MIXTURES IS SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS.
AQ EMI RSTR THE MERCHANT SHAPPING (CONTROL OF POLICE

THE MERCHANT SHIPPING (CONTROL OF POLLUTION BY NOXIOUS LIQUID

SUBSTANCES IN BULK) REGULATI ONS 1987, SCHEDULE 1

<u>Reference</u>: **GBRSI***, **551**, **15**, **1987** <u>Effective Date</u>: 06APR1987

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

<u>Last Amendment :</u> GBRSI*, 2604, 2, 1990 <u>Entry / Update :</u> 1992

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

Substance

Chemical Name : 1,3-PROPANEDIOL,2-ETHYL-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-

Reported Name : TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Area Type Subject Spec. Description Level / Summary Information :

RUS REG AIR OCC MAC CLV: 50.0MG/M3 (VAPOUR) HAZARD CLASS: IV

LASS <u>Title :</u>

Reference : Effective Date : 01JAN1989

<u>Last Amendment :</u> GOSTS*, 12.1.005, 1988 <u>Entry / Update :</u> MAY1990

GOSUDARSTVENNYI STANDART SSSR

(STATE STANDARD OF USSR)

Substance

Chemical Name : 1,3-PROPANEDIOL,2-ETHYL-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-

Reported Name : TRIMETHYLOL PROPANE

CAS Number : 77-99-6

Area Type Subject Spec. Description Level / Summary Information:

USA REG FOOD ADDIT RSTR ; Summ

TRANS RSTR STORE RSTR PACK RSTR ; Summary - THIS SUBSTANCE IS INCLUDED ON A L IST OF SUBSTANCES USED TO PREPARE ADHESIVES W HICH MAY BE SAFELY USED AS COMPONENTS OF ARTI CLES INTENDED FOR USE IN PACKAGING, TRANSPORT ATION, OR HOLDING FOOD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS: SUBSTA NCE MUST BE SEPARATED FROM THE FOOD BY A FUNCTION AL BARRIER, MUST NOT EXCEED LIMITS OF GOOD MA NUFACTURING PRACTICE USED WITH DRY FOODS, OR NOT EXCEED TRACE AMOUNTS AT SEAMS AND EDGE EX POSURES WHEN USED

WITH FATTY AND AQUEOUS FOOD S. ALSO REGULATED BY SEA M INTEGRITY, LABELIN G STANDARDS, AND ANY PROVISION UNDER 21 CFR 1 75

<u>Title</u>: SUBSTANCES FOR USE ONLY AS COMPONENTS OF ADHE SIVES

<u>Reference</u>: FEREAC, 42, 14534, 1977 <u>Effective Date</u>: 1977

Federal Register

<u>Last Amendment :</u> CFRUS*, 21, 175, 105, 1988 <u>Entry / Update :</u> NOV1991

Code of Federal Regulations