OECD SIDS NICOTINIC ACID

FOREWORD

INTRODUCTION

NICOTINIC ACID CAS N•: **59-67-6**

Substance

End Point : IDENTIFIERS, PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

Common Name : Nicotinic acid

CAS Number : **59-67-6** *RTECS Number* : **QT0525000**

Synonyms

Acotin Apelagnin

3-Carboxylpyridine 3-Carboxypyridine

Daskil **Efacin** Linic **Niacine** Nicacid Nicangin **Nicobid Nicodelmine** Nicolar **Niconacid** Nicosan 3 Nico-span **Nicotinipca Nicotene** Nicyl Nyclin Pellagrin Pelonin **PP-factor** Pyridine-.beta.-carboxilic acid m-pyridinecarboxilic acid **Tinic**

Wampocap

Properties & Definitions

Molecular Formula:C6H5NO2Molecular Weight:123.11Melting Point:236.6CBoiling Point:>238C

State : Solid, non-hygroscopic

Density: 1.473g/cm3

Vapour Pressure : <0.01kPa (0.75mmHg) at 20C CAL

Octanol/Water Partition:

Coefficient

Water Solubility : 15g/l at 20C

General Comments : According to EEC directive 67/548 no classification and labelling for nicotinic

log Pow = -0.59; pH4,25C; -2.34; pH7,25C

acid are required. With respect to transport nicotinic acid is a non-dangerous

good.

Overall Evaluation

SIDS INITIAL ASSESMENT

This chemical is presently of low priority for further work.

HUMAN HEALTH

Nicotinic acid is a vitamin essential for human and animal health. The daily requirement to avoid deficiencies in humans is in the range of 15 to 40 mg. For therapeutical purposes daily doses up to 6000mg are used.

Nicotinic acid is actually not toxic, but moderately irritant to the eye. Rare cases of skin flushing may occur, but this effect is reversible after termination of exposure.

The no observed adverse effect level (NOAEL) in a 28-day oral study in rats was 50mg/kg/day. However, only a minimal effect on body weight gain without any organ toxicity was found up to the high dose of 1000mg/kg/day.

For an initial assessment the estimated dose of low concern (EDLC) can be compared with the estimated

human exposure (EHE): EDLC = NOAEL/UF = 50/100 = 0.5mg/kg/day

The uncertainty factor (UF) of 100 is based on intraspecies variation (factor of 10) and interspecies variation (factor of 10). As the only effect seen at higher dose levels (250 and 1000mg/kg/day) was a slight reduction of the body weight gain a UF of 100 is considered to be sufficient.

The EHE for occupational exposure (EHEocc) can be calculated based on the maximum average concentration measured in the room where the bags are filled: 2mg/m3.

EHEocc = 10m3 x 2mg/m3/70kg = 0.29mg/kg/day Respiratory volume per working day (8h) : 10m3 Weight of an adult : 70kg

The EHE for the general population (EHEgp) can be calculated based on the estimated air concentration in the vicinity of the plant : 2.2 x 10E-4mg/m3.

EHEgp = 30m3 x 2.2 x 10E-4mg/m3/70kg = 0.9 x 10E-4mg/kg/day Assumed daily respiratory volume of the general population : 30m3 Weight of an adult : 70kg EDLC/EHEocc = 0.5/0.29 = 1.7 EDLC/EHEgp = 0.5/0.9 x 10E-4 > 5000

Furthermore a carcinogenicity study in mice showed no carcinogenic effects.

Nicotinic acid is not teratogenic up to 1000mg/kg/day. The no effect level for maternal toxicity is 200mg/kg/day. The EDLC/EHE can be calculated as follows:

EDLCmaternal toxicity = NOAEL/UF = 200/100 = 2 EDLCdevelopmental toxicity = NOAEL/UF = 1000/100 = 10 EDLCmaternal toxicity/EHEocc = 2/0.29 = 7 EDLCmaternal toxicity/EHEgp = 2/0.9 x 10E-4 > 20'000 EDLCdevelopmental toxicity/EHEocc = 10/0.29 = 35 EDLCdevelopmental toxicity/EHEgp = 10/0.9xE-4 > 100'000

CONCLUSION

Based on this information it can be concluded that nicotinic acid does not present a hazard to human health.

ENVIRONMENT

Nicotinic acid is practically non toxic to aquatic organisms. The lowest EC50 value was observed in daphnia: 77mg/l. According to the OECD provisional guidance for the initial assessment of aquatic effects an assessment factor of 100 is applicable. Based on these data the maximum tolerable concentration (MTC) can be calculated:

MTC = 77 mg/l/100 = 0.77 mg/l

A comparison of the MTC with the PEC (worst case) = 1.4 x 10E-6mg/l gives the following result:

MTC/PEC (worst case) = $0.77/1.4 \times 10E-6 = 5.5 \times 10E+5$

CONCLUSION

Based on the MTC/PEC ratio the substance is considered to be of low concern to the aquatic environment. It is not toxic to bacteria and completely biodegradable. Therefore a complete elimination of nicotinic acid is likely to occur in the waste water treatment plant. No bioaccumulation is expected.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the available information it can be concluded that nicotinic acid does not present a hazard to human health or the environment.

No need for further testing or information gathering.

Production-Trade

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6
Geographic Area : EUR
Area Specifications : W

Production

<u>Quantity</u> <u>Year</u>

10000 T - P

General Comments : No information given on years of production.

References

!SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1993)

37EDAJ

Ullmanns Encyklopaedie der Technischen Chemie., 23, (1983)

Production-Trade

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6
Geographic Area : USA

Production

<u>Quantity</u> <u>Year</u>

1000 T - P

General Comments : No information given on years of production.

References

!SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1993)

37FDA.I

Ullmanns Encyklopaedie der Technischen Chemie., 23, (1983)

Production-Trade

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6
Geographic Area : ASIA
Area Specifications : E

Production

<u>Quantity</u> <u>Year</u>

1000 T - P

General Comments : No information given on years of production.

References

!SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1993)

37EDAJ

Ullmanns Encyklopaedie der Technischen Chemie., 23, (1983)

Processes 269

Processes

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Process

Process comments : Nicotinic acid is industrially produced from nicotinonitril which is usually

obtained from oxidation of nicotine with concentrated HNO3. It can also

be obtained from oxidation of alkyl .beta.-substituted pyridines.

References

Primary Reference : IECHAD

Woodward et al. Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, 36, 540, (1944)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

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Uses

Uses

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Use

Quantity Year Comments

Nicotinic acid is a vitamin and is used for food and feed applications as an essential component of food

stuff for a balanced diet requirements.

References

Secondary References : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : Pathway into the Environment and Environmental Fate.

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Pathway and Transport

Pathway : INDST

Quantity Transported

<u>Medium</u> <u>to Medium</u> <u>Quantity</u> <u>Time</u> <u>Year</u> <u>to Year</u>

to AIR 250 g/h

Released to air from exhaust sources

to AQ 250 g/d

Released into waste water leaving the production plant

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : CONCENTRATION

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Species/strain/system : Factory air measured in the filling room.

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Production site concentration measured using Sartorius Gravikon with description glass fibres filter type SM 13,400. Environmental concentrations were

calculated.

Test Results

<u>Matrix</u> <u>Concentrations</u> <u>Spec.</u> <u>Date</u>

AIR 2.2E-4 mg/m3

Estimated in air, taking into account the local geographic and climatic conditions. (Considered layer: 200m; valley width: 800m; wind speed: 2m/s and 250g/h of nicotinic acid released into air).

AQ 1.388E-6 mg/l

Predicted environmental concentration (PEC) in water: (dilution in the waste water treatment plant and biodegradation processes not considered).

AIR <1-2 mg/m3 AV

Measured in the room of filling at the production site, at a height of 1.6m. (Equipment: Sartorius Gravikon with glass filter, type SM 13400) concentrations depending on the distance from the filling line.

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : BIODEGRADATION
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification

AQ

Species/strain/system : Water

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.8%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method

description

OECD Guideline 301E (Modified screening test). GLP: YES

(An)aerobic : AEROB

Test Results

Quantity <u>Time</u>

100 % 14 d

References

Primary Reference : #URRCC*

RCC, Unpublished Report, (1990)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 4, (1993)

Study

End Point : BIODEGRADATION
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification

SOIL

Species/strain/system : Aerobic soil suspension

Test Method and Conditions

Test method

description

GLP: NO

(An)aerobic : AEROB

Test Results

<u>Quantity</u> <u>Time</u>

79 % 3 d

References

Primary Reference : ECTCDK

Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 5, 503-509, (1986)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 5, (1993)

Study

End Point : BIODEGRADATION

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification

SOIL

Species/strain/system : Soil suspension (aerobic and anaerobic)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : GLP: NO. Tested in tightly closed tubes for anaerobic degradation.

description

Test Results

Quantity <u>Time</u> <u>Comments on result</u>

100 % 2-4 d Under aerobic test conditions.

100 % **32-66** d Under anaerobic test conditions.

References

SBIOAH Primary Reference

Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 4, 313-323, (1972)

!SIDSP* Secondary Reference

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 5, (1993)

Study

End Point **BIODEGRADATION**

Chemical Name 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number 59-67-6 LAB Study type

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification

AQ **SED**

Species/strain/system : Anaerobic water-sediment

Test Method and Conditions

Test method

description

GLP: NO

ANAER (An)aerobic

Test Results

Quantity Time Comments on result

Sulfate red slurry 94 % 1 mo

94 % 1 mo Methanogenic slurry

References

Primary Reference **ECTCDK**

Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, 8, 1149-58, (1989)

Secondary Reference

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : HYDROLYSIS

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Results

Quantity <u>Time</u> <u>Comments on result</u>

Ka: 1.50 x E-5

Kb: 1.04 x E-12

References

Primary Reference : TFSOA4

Evans, R. F. et al. Transactions of the Faraday Society, 49, 1284, (1953)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : BIOCONCENTRATION
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Evaluations

Evaluation text : No bioaccumulation expected based on the low Log Pow (-2.34 at 25C

and pH7).

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Species/strain/system : Wistar rats
Exposure Type : ACUTE

Dose / Concentration : 5000 mg/kg BW

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Limit test; OECD Guideline 401; GLP: YES

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT ORL LD50 LD50 was determined as higher than

5000mg/kg/body weight - which was the

highest dose tested.

General Comments: There was no mortality at all doses and no substance related symptoms.

References

Primary Reference : #HAZUR*

Hazelton, Unpublished Report, (1981)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 7, (1993)

Study

End Point : MAMMALIAN ACUTE TOXICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : **59-67-6**

Species/strain/system : Wistar rats

Dose / Concentration : 2000 mg/kg BW

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Limit test; OECD Guideline 402.

description

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

RAT ORL LD50 The dose up to 2000mg/kg (the highest

dose in the test) was determined as

dermal LD50.

General Comments : There was no mortality and no symptoms reported.

References

Primary Reference : #URRCC*

RCC, Unpublished Report, (1983)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MAMMALIAN TOXICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL M 5/GROUP

F 5/GROUP

Species/strain/system : Crl: CD (SD) BR rats

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.5%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 407; Repeated Dose Toxicity test; GLP: YES

description

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 50-1000 mg/kg /d

Exposure comments : Doses of 50, 250 and 1000mg/kg/day were given to determine systemic

toxicity in 28 day dietary study. Five males and five females per dosage group

were examined at necropsy.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mortality and no evidence of systemic toxicity were observed up to the high dose.

BW RETAR

Slight reduction of body weight gain was observed in 250 and 1000mg/kg/body weight per day groups.

NOEL

No Observed Effect Level was established to be 50mg/kg/day.

General Comments : Nicotinic acid is not toxic by repeated exposure.

References

Primary Reference : #HAZUR*

Hazelton, Unpublished Report, 733, (1988)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : CARCINOGENICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

MOUSE ORL M 50 F 50

Species/strain/system : Swiss albino mice

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 81-107 mg/kg BW

Exposure comments : Carcinogenicity study in Swiss albino mice with life time exposure to 1%

nicotinic acid in drinking water. The daily dose = 81mg for female mice, 107mg

for male mice.

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No carcinogenic effects were found.

General Comments : Nicotinic acid was not carcinogenic under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : ANTRD4

Anticancer Research, 2, 71-74, (1982)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT

Species/strain/system : Salmonella typhimurium TA1535, TA1537, TA1538, TA98, TA100

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.5%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 471; Ames test; GLP: YES

description

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : =<10 mg /plate

Exposure comments : Mutagenic potential was tested in Ames test with maximum concentration of

10mg/plate with and without metabolic activation.

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mutagenic effects were observed with and without metabolic activation.

NEF

No toxicity to bacteria were observed.

General Comments : There are three other sets of tests reported in SIDS data on the mutagenic

potential of test substance and all demonstrated negative results. Under the test conditions 3-pyridinecarboxylic acid does not induce mutagenicity.

References

Primary Reference : #URIRI*

IRI, Unpublished Report, 3026, (1984)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

283 Mutagenicity

Study

End Point **MUTAGENICITY**

Chemical Name 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number 59-67-6 Study type LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT FUNGI

Salmonella typhimurium TA1535, TA1537, TA1538, TA98, TA100. Species/strain/system

Saccharomyces cerevisiae, strain D4.

Test Substance

Impurities Purity not specified

Test Method and Conditions

Test method GLP: NO. Test with and without metabolic activation.

description

Test Results

Affected in OnSet Exposed - Controls Organ Effect Rev. Sex

NEF

No mutagenic activity.

References

Primary Reference LITTR*

Litton Report, (1977)

!SIDSP* Secondary Reference

Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High Production Volume

Chemicals Programme, 9, (1993)

Study

End Point **MUTAGENICITY**

Chemical Name 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number 59-67-6 Study type LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT

Salmonella typhimurium Species/strain/system

Test Substance

Impurities : Purity not specified

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Ames test with and without metabolic activation

Test Results

Organ

Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mutagenic effects

References

Primary Reference : FDCHT*

FD Chemical Toxicology, 22, 623-636, (1984)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High Production Volume

Chemicals Programme, 9, (1993)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

FUNGI

Species/strain/system : Saccharomyces cerevisiae D5

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.5%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Mitotic recombination in yeast, GLP: YES

description

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid does not induce mitotic recombination in yeast under test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : #URIRI*

IRI, Unpublished Report, 4022, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 10, (1993)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

HAMST VTR

Species/strain/system : Chinese hamster ovary cells

Test Method and Conditions

Test method

description

OECD Guideline number 473 - chromosomal aberration assay with and

without metabolic activation. GLP: YES.

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : =<5000 ug/ml

Exposure comments : Doses up to 5000ug/ml were tested.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No mutagenic effect found on this chromosomal aberration assay up to 5000ug/ml.

References

Primary Reference : #URIRI*

IRI, Unpublished Report, 4114, (1986)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

HAMST VTR

Species/strain/system : Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

Chromosome abberation potential in mammalian cells.

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

No chromosomal aberrations observed under the test conditions.

References

Primary Reference : FDCHT*

FD Chemical Toxicology, 22, 623-636, (1984)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 10, (1993)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

MOUSE ORL

Exposure

Exposure Type : SHORT

Exposure comments : Mouse micronucleus test.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

NEF

Test substance was negative for clastogenic effects.

References

Primary Reference : FDCHT*

FD Chemical Toxicology, 26, 487-500, (1988)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1993)

Study

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

RAT ORL

Species/strain/system : CD rats

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.5%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline number 475: cytogenic study; GLP: YES.

Exposure

Dose / Concentration : 5000 ug/ml

Exposure comments : Rat bone marrow cytogenic assay with the dose of 5000ug/ml.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

BMW NEF

No chromosomal aberrations up to the dose of 5000ug/ml. No toxicity observed up to 5000ug/ml.

References

Primary Reference : #URIRI*

IRI, Unpublished Report, 4055, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : MUTAGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

RAT VTR

Species/strain/system : Rat hepatocytes

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline number 482; GLP: YES. Rat hepatocyte primary culture to

test unscheduled DNA synthesis.

Test Results

DNA NEF

No unscheduled DNA synthesis observed.

References

Primary Reference : #URIRI*

IRI, Unpublished Report, 4070, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : SENSITIZATION
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid
CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

<u>Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls</u>

GPIG SKN **ADULT**

Pirbright white guinea pigs Species/strain/system :

Test Method and Conditions

: OECD 406 Maximization test; GLP: NO Test method

description

Test Results

Affected in Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Organ Exposed - Controls

NEF

No sensitization effect found.

References

Primary Reference : #URAST*

ASTA-Werke AG, Unpublished Report, (1986)

Secondary Reference

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT SKN 6

Species/strain/system : New Zealand white rabbit

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.5%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : CFR title 49, part 173, 1976

description

Exposure

Exposure comments : 6 animals were tested for 4 hours exposure under occlusion on abraded and

intact skin.

Test Results

Affected in Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

SKIN NEF

No irritation at any observation time. Primary irritation index: 0.0 (non irritant).

General Comments : The substance is negative for skin irritation potential.

References

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, 7, (1993)

Study

End Point : IRRITATION

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RBT OCU

Species/strain/system : New Zealand white rabbits

Irritation 291

Test Substance

Purity Grade : 99.9%

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline number 405; GLP: YES. Testing was performed to determine

eye irritation potential.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EYE IRRIT

After 24h the maximum scores = 4.67 (mean cumulative score). Primary irritation index = 4.17 (moderate

irritant)

General Comments : The substance was classified as moderate eye irritant.

References

Primary Reference : #URRCC*

RCC, Unpublished Report, 274544, (1990)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : TERATOGENICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

RAT ORL F 22/GROUP

Species/strain/system : CD-Sprague Dawley, pregnant rats

Test Substance

Vehicle - Solvent : Aqueous methylcellulose 0.5%(w/v)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

FDA/EEC, GLP: YES

Exposure

Exposure Period : 6-15 TDP

Dose / Concentration : 40-1000 mg/kg /day

Exposure comments : Test substance was given in oral gavage at dose levels of 40, 200 or

1000mg/kg/day to groups of 22 pregnant rats from day 6 to day 15 of gestation. On day 20 of gestation, all animals were killed and the uterine

contents were examined.

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

BW RETAR

Body weight gain in females receiving 1000mg/kg/day was slightly depressed.

FETUS SIZE

Fetal weights were slightly lower at the dose level of 1000mg/kg/day of maternal exposure.

PLCNT SIZE

Placental weights were slightly lower in rats receiving 1000mg/kg/day.

NAEL

No adverse effect level was established at 200mg/kg/day for dams and fetuses.

General Comments : Under the test conditions nicotinic acid in oral administration to pregnant rats

during the period of organogenesis at doses up to 200mg/kg/day was without adverse effects. At 1000mg/kg/day maternal body weight gain, placental and fetal weights were slightly depressed. No effect on survival, on litter size nor

morphological changes upon "in utero" development were observed

References

Primary Reference : #URLZA*

Lonza, Unpublished Report/Result, (1992)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC ACUTE TOXICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Species/strain/system : Brown trout (Salmo trutta)

Exposure Period : 96 h
Dose / Concentration : 520 mg/l

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 203

description

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

FISH AQ MARIN LC50 LC50 = 520mg/l for 96h exposure.

References

Primary Reference : #URRCC*

RCC, Unpublished Report, 023916, (1984)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : **59-67-6**

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

ALGAE AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : OECD Guideline 201; DIN 38412L9. GLP: NO

description

Exposure

Exposure Period : 72 h

Dose / Concentration : 90-100 mg/l

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

POPUL INHIB EC50

Effective concentration for growth inhibition for 72h = 90mg /l (reported as EbC50)

POPUL NEF EC0

Maximum concentration at which no effect was observed within 72h: EC0 = 25mg/l

POPUL INHIB

Minimum concentration at which effect was observed within 72 h: EC10 = 30mg/l(EuC10 = 38mg/l also

reported)

General Comments: The growth inhibition was concentration and pH dependent.

References

Primary Reference : #NOACK*

NOACK Lab., Unpublished Report, (1989)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY
Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

BACT

Species/strain/system : Pseudomonas putida

Test Method and Conditions

Test method : Bringmann-Kuehn GLP: NO

description

Dose / Concentration : 120 mg/l

Test Results

Exposure

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

EC50

EC50 = 120 mg/l

References

Primary Reference : #URBSF*

BASF, Unpublished Report, 1074/89, (1989)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Production Volume Chemicals Programme, (1993)

Study

End Point : AQUATIC TOXICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6 Study type : LAB

Test Subject

Organism Medium Specification Route Lifestage Sex Number exposed Number controls

CRUS AQ FRESH

Species/strain/system : Water flea (Daphnia magna)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

OECD Guideline 202

Exposure

Exposure Type : ACUTE
Exposure Period : 3-48 h
Dose / Concentration : 77-580 mg/l

Test Results

Affected in

Organ Effect Rev. OnSet Sex Exposed - Controls

BEHAV EC50

Effective concentration for 48h immobilization = 77mg/l

BEHAV

Control (pH 7.68): immobilization 0% (3h) - 5% (48h); at 580mg/l (pH 7.38 neutralized) immobilization 0% (3h) - 10% (48h); at 580mg/l (pH 3.95): immobilization 100% (3h) - 100% (48h)

General Comments : The immobilization was concentration and pH-dependent. Based on the

calculated MTC/PEC ratio, nicotinic acid is considered to be of low concern to

the aquatic environment.

References

Primary Reference : #NOACK*

NOACK Lab., Unpublished Report, (1989)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

End Point : TERRESTRIAL ACUTE TOXICITY

Chemical Name : 3-Pyridinecarboxylic acid

CAS Number : 59-67-6

Species/strain/system : House sparrow, Quail (Coturnix, coturnix)

Test Method and Conditions

Test method description

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Test Results

Organism Medium Spec. Route Lifestage Sex Effect Effect Comments

BIRD LD50 LD50 reported as higher than

1000mg/kg.

References

Primary Reference : AECTCV

Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, 12, 355-382, (1985)

Secondary Reference : !SIDSP*

OECD/SIDS. Screening Information Data Set (SIDS) of OECD High

Substance

Chemical Name :

Reported Name : NICOTINIC ACID

CAS Number : 59-67-6

<u>Area Type Subject Spec.</u> <u>Description Level / Summary Information :</u>

CSK REG USE AGRIC PRMT SUBSTANCE IS APPROVED AS PESTICIDE, SPECIFIC USES, LIMITATIONS AND SAFETY

PRECAUTIONS ARE GIVEN.

<u>Title</u>: LIST OF PERMITTED CHEMICALS FOR PLANT PROTECTION.

Reference: SPPOR*, 290, 1990 Effective Date: JAN199

SEZNAM POVOLENYCH PRIPRAVKU NA OCHRANU ROSTLIN (LIST OF PERMITTED CHEMICALS FOR PLANT PROTECTION)

Last Amendment : Entry / Update : DEC199

Substance

Chemical Name :

Reported Name : NICOTINIC ACID

CAS Number : 59-67-6

<u>Area Type Subject Spec.</u> <u>Description Level / Summary Information :</u>

RUS REG AIR OCC MAC CLV: 1.0MG/M3 (AEROSOL) HAZARD CLASS: II

CLASS <u>Title</u>:

Reference : Effective Date : 01JAN1989

<u>Last Amendment</u>: GOSTS*, 12.1.005, 1988 <u>Entry / Update</u>: MAY1990

GOSUDARSTVENNYI STANDART SSSR (STATE STANDARD OF USSR)

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Substance

Chemical Name :

Reported Name : niacin
CAS Number : 59-67-6

Area Type Subject Spec. Description Level / Summary Information:

EEC REG FOOD - PRMT A NUTRITION CLAIM IS PERMITTED FOR THIS SUBSTANCE. WHERE NUTRITION LABEL LING IS PROVIDED. THERE ARE REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE

LABELLING IS PROVIDED, THERE ARE REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE INFORMATION TO BE GIVEN TO THE CONSUMER INCLUDING MASS CATERERS.

Title: COUNCIL DIRECTIVE OF 24 SEPTEMBER 1990 ON NUTRITION LABELLING

FOR FOODSTUFFS. (90/496/EEC)

Reference : OJEC**, L276, 40, 1990 Effective Date :

Official Journal of the European Communities

<u>Last Amendment :</u> <u>Entry / Update :</u> 1991